



VAPCO PRODUCTS, INC.

Safety Data Sheet Knock It Out Aerosol

SECTION 1: Identification

GHS Product identifier

Product name	Knock It Out Aerosol
Product number	KOS-ITA
Brand	Vapco

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

Coil Cleaner Aerosol

Supplier's details

Name	Vapco Products, Inc.
Address	401 Marshall Road Valley Park, Missouri 63088 United States
Telephone	(636) 923-2121
Fax	(636) 923-3002
email	info@VapcoProducts.com

Emergency phone number

(800) 255-3924

SECTION 2: Hazard identification

Classification of the substance or mixture

GHS classification in accordance with: OSHA (29 CFR 1910.1200)

- Carcinogenicity, Cat. 1B
- Eye damage/irritation, Cat. 2A
- Germ cell mutagenicity, Cat. 2
- Skin corrosion/irritation, Cat. 2
- Sensitization, skin, Cat. 1
- Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure), Cat. 3

GHS label elements, including precautionary statements

Safety Data Sheet

Pictogram



Signal word

Danger

Hazard statement(s)

H280	Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated
H315	Causes skin irritation
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction
H319	Causes serious eye irritation
H335	May cause respiratory irritation
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness
H341	Suspected of causing genetic defects
H350	May cause cancer

Precautionary statement(s)

P201	Obtain special instructions before use.
P202	Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.
P210	Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. No smoking.
P211	Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source.
P251	Pressurized container: do not pierce or burn, even after use.
P261	Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray.
P264	Wash hands thoroughly after handling.
P271	Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.
P272	Contaminated work clothing must not be allowed out of the workplace.
P280	Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.
P302+P352	IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water.
P304+P340	IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.
P305+P351+P338	IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
P308+P313	IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.
P312	Call a POISON CENTER/doctor if you feel unwell.
P332+P313	If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention.
P333+P313	If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention.
P337+P313	If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.
P362+P364	Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.
P363	Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.
P403+P233	Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.
P405	Store locked up.
P410	Protect from sunlight.
P412	Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50 °C/122 °F.
P501	Dispose of contents/container to the specifications of local, regional, national, and international regulations.
P321	Specific treatment (see First Aid on this label).

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

Mixtures

Hazardous components

Safety Data Sheet

1. TRICHLOROETHYLENE

Concentration 70 - 100 % (weight)
EC no. 201-167-4
CAS no. 79-01-6
Index no. 602-027-00-9

- Carcinogenicity, Cat. 1B
- Germ cell mutagenicity, Cat. 2
- Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure), Cat. 3
- Skin corrosion/irritation, Cat. 2
- Serious eye damage/eye irritation, Cat. 2
- Hazardous to the aquatic environment, long-term (chronic), Cat. 3

H315 Causes skin irritation
H319 Causes serious eye irritation
H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness
H341 Suspected of causing genetic defects [route]
H350 May cause cancer [route]
H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects

2. D-Limonene

Concentration 3 - 7 % (weight)
EC no. 227-813-5
CAS no. 5989-27-5

- Aspiration hazard, Cat. 1
- Flammable liquids, Cat. 3
- Hazardous to the aquatic environment - acute hazard, Cat. 1
- Hazardous to the aquatic environment - long-term hazard, Cat. 1
- Sensitization, skin, Cat. 1
- Skin corrosion/irritation, Cat. 2

H226 Flammable liquid and vapor
H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways
H315 Causes skin irritation
H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction
H400 Very toxic to aquatic life
H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects

3. Carbon dioxide

Concentration 2 - 4 % (weight)
CAS no. 124-38-9

4. Orange terpenes

Concentration 0.1 - 1 % (weight)
EC no. 232-433-8

Safety Data Sheet

CAS no. 8028-48-6

- Aspiration hazard, Cat. 1
- Flammable liquids, Cat. 3
- Hazardous to the aquatic environment - acute hazard, Cat. 2
- Hazardous to the aquatic environment - long-term hazard, Cat. 2
- Skin corrosion/irritation, Cat. 2
- Sensitization, skin, Cat. 1

H226	Flammable liquid and vapor
H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways
H315	Causes skin irritation
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction
H411	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects

SECTION 4: First-aid measures

Description of necessary first-aid measures

General advice	Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If you feel unwell, seek medical advice (show the label where possible).
If inhaled	First, take proper precautions to ensure your own safety before attempting rescue (e.g. wear appropriate respiratory protective equipment, use the buddy system), then remove the exposed person to fresh air. Keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Get medical advice/attention.
In case of skin contact	Immediately drench affected area with water for at least 15 minutes. Obtain medical attention if irritation develops or persists. Immediately take off all contaminated clothing
In case of eye contact	Immediately rinse with water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Obtain medical attention if irritation develops or persists.
If swallowed	Rinse mouth. Obtain medical attention. Do NOT induce vomiting unless directed by medical authority.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Symptoms/Injuries: Harmful if inhaled. Causes serious eye and skin irritation. May cause drowsiness and dizziness. Asphyxia by lack of oxygen: risk of death.

Symptoms/Injuries After Inhalation: High concentrations may cause central nervous system depression such as dizziness, vomiting, numbness, drowsiness, headache, and similar narcotic symptoms. Inhalation is likely to cause adverse health effects including, but not limited to: irritation, difficulty breathing, and unconsciousness. In elevated concentrations, may cause asphyxiation, central nervous system effects, and increased pulse, mood changes, tremors, cyanosis, muscular weakness, narcosis, numbness of the extremities, unconsciousness and death. This product contains chlorinated solvent material, which is associated with cardiac sensitization following very high exposures or with concurrent exposure to high stress levels or heart-stimulating substances like epinephrine and catecholamines. Careful consideration should be applied preceding administration of epinephrine or similar heart-stimulating substances.

Symptoms/Injuries After Skin Contact: Contact causes irritation and may cause an allergic skin reaction.

Symptoms/Injuries After Eye Contact: Contact causes irritation with stinging, tearing, and redness.

Safety Data Sheet

Chronic Health Hazards: Possible cancer causing agent and overexposure may also include damage to skin, kidneys, liver, dizziness, headache, nausea, mental confusion, visual disturbances, lungs, blood, or central nervous system.

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

If exposed or concerned, get medical advice and attention. If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand. Note to physician: Do not administer adrenaline or epinephrine to a victim of chlorinated solvent poisoning. This product contains ingredients that may be anticipated to be a carcinogen.

SECTION 5: Fire-fighting measures

Suitable extinguishing media

Water spray, fog, carbon dioxide (CO₂), alcohol-resistant foam, dry chemical, or sand.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical

Explosion Hazard: Container may explode in heat of fire. Heat may build pressure, rupturing closed containers, spreading fire and increasing risk of burns and injuries. Vapors are heavier than air and may travel considerable distance to an ignition source and flash back to source of vapors.

Reactivity: Reacts with strong acids and alkalis, strong oxidizing agents, chemically active metals (e.g. aluminum, barium, lithium, sodium, magnesium, potassium, titanium, and beryllium), concentrated nitric acid, some plastics, rubbers and coatings. Increased risk of fire or explosion. Certain mixtures of chlorinated solvents may be flammable or reactive under certain conditions. Keep away from sparks, open flames, and hot surfaces. No smoking. Do not spray an open flame or other ignition source.

Special protective actions for fire-fighters

Precautionary Measures Fire: Exercise caution when fighting any chemical fire.

Firefighting Instructions: Use water spray or fog for cooling exposed containers. Do not breathe fumes from fire or vapors from decomposition. Do NOT fight fire when fire reaches containers. Evacuate area. Fight fire remotely due to the risk of explosion.

Protection During Firefighting: Do not enter fire area without proper protective equipment, including respiratory protection. Wear NIOSH-approved self-contained breathing apparatus with a full face piece operated in a positive pressure demand mode with full body protective clothing when fighting fires.

Hazardous Combustion Products: Carbon oxides, chlorine, hydrogen chloride, and phosgene.

Further information

Do not allow run-off from fire fighting to enter drains or water courses.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

General Measures: Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Do not breathe vapors, spray, mist, gas. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames, and other ignition sources. No smoking.

For Non-Emergency Personnel

Protective Equipment: Use appropriate personal protective equipment (PPE).

Emergency Procedures: Evacuate unnecessary personnel. Stop leak if safe to do so.

For Emergency Personnel

Protective Equipment: Equip cleanup crew with proper protection.

Emergency Procedure: Eliminate ignition source first, then ventilate the area. Evacuate unnecessary personnel, isolate, and ventilate area. Upon arrival at the scene, a first responder is expected to recognize the presence of dangerous goods, protect oneself and the public, secure the area, and call for the assistance of trained personnel as soon as conditions permit.

Environmental precautions

Prevent entry into sewers and public waters. Avoid release to the environment.

Safety Data Sheet

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

For Containment: Ventilate area. Contain any spills with dikes or absorbents to prevent any further migration and entry into sewers or streams. As an immediate precautionary measure, isolate spill or leak area in all directions.

Methods for Cleaning Up: Clean up spills immediately and dispose of waste safely. Eliminate all ignition sources. Ventilate area. Stop the ignition source of the release, if safe to do so. Consider the use of water spray to disperse vapors. Isolate the area until gas has dispersed. Ventilate and gas test area before entering. Take up liquid spill into absorbent material. Transfer spilled material to a suitable container for disposal. Contact competent authorities after a spill.

Waste Disposal: Dispose of in accordance with local, regional, national, and international regulations. Containers may be hazardous when empty. Do not flame cut, braze, or weld.

Reference to other sections

See Section 8 for exposure controls and personal protection and Section 13 for disposal considerations.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Additional Hazards When Processed: Do not pressurize, cut, or weld containers. Ruptured cylinders may rocket. Pressurized container: may burst if heated. Do not pierce or burn, even after use.

Precautions for Safe Handling: Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing. Do not breathe gas, mist, spray, vapors. Wash hands and other exposed areas with mild soap and water before eating, drinking or smoking and when leaving work. Do not spray on open flame or other ignition source. Use only outdoors or in well-ventilated area.

Hygiene Measures: Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety procedures.

Other Precautions: Keep out of reach of children. Follow label instructions. Vapors may collect in low lying areas.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Technical Measures: Comply with applicable regulations. Proper grounding procedures to avoid static electricity should be followed.

Storage Conditions: Store in a dry, cool place. Keep only in original container in a cool, well-ventilated place away from ignition sources. Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C/122°F. Keep/Store away from direct sunlight, extremely high or low temperatures and incompatible materials. Store locked up/in a secure area.

Incompatible Materials: Strong acids and alkalis, strong oxidizing agents, chemically active metals (e.g. aluminum, barium, lithium, sodium, magnesium, potassium, titanium, and beryllium), concentrated nitric acid, some plastics, rubbers and coatings.

Storage Temperature: < 50°C/122°F.

Specific end use(s)

Coil Cleaner

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

CAS: 124-38-9

Carbon dioxide

Cal/OSHA: 5000 ppm, (ST) 30,000 ppm PEL inhalation; NIOSH: 5000 ppm, (ST) 30,000 ppm REL inhalation;
OSHA: 5000 ppm PEL inhalation; 9000 mg/m³ PEL inhalation

CAS: 5989-27-5 (EC: 227-813-5)

D-Limonene

ACGIH: 20 ppm TLV® inhalation

CAS: 79-01-6

Trichloroethylene

Safety Data Sheet

Cal/OSHA: See Annotated Z-2 PEL inhalation; NIOSH: See Annotated Z-2 REL inhalation; OSHA: See Annotated Z-2 ppm PEL inhalation; See Annotated Z-2 mg/m3 PEL inhalation

CAS: 8028-48-6

Orange terpenes

ACGIH: 30 ppm TLV® inhalation

Appropriate engineering controls

Emergency eye wash fountains and safety showers should be available in the immediate vicinity of any potential exposure. Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas. Use explosion-proof equipment. Proper grounding procedures to avoid static electricity should be followed. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Ensure all local, regional, national, and international regulations are observed. Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.

Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment (PPE)

Pictograms



Eyeface protection

Chemical safety goggles. Insufficient ventilation: wear respiratory protection. Respiratory protection of the dependent type.

Skin protection

Wear protective gloves and clothing.

Body protection

Wear suitable protective clothing. Wear protective gloves. Chemical resistant materials and fabrics. Wear fire/flame resistant/retardant clothing.

Respiratory protection

Use a NIOSH-approved self-containing breathing apparatus whenever exposure may exceed established Occupational Exposure Limits.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties and safety characteristics

Basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state	Liquid
Appearance	Clear Spray Aerosol
Odor	Chlorinated solvent odor
Odor threshold	N/D
Melting point/freezing point	N/D
Boiling point or initial boiling point and boiling range	>188°F (87°C)
Flammability	Not considered a flammable aerosol or an extremely flammable aerosol by OSHA (29CFR 1910.1200)
Lower and upper explosion limit/flammability limit	N/D
Flash point	N/D
Explosive properties	N/D
Auto-ignition temperature	N/D
Decomposition temperature	N/D
Oxidizing properties	N/D

Safety Data Sheet

pH	N/A
Kinematic viscosity	N/D
Solubility	Unsoluble in water
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (log value)	N/D
Vapor pressure	N/D
Evaporation rate	> 3 Fast
Density and/or relative density	1.40-1.44
Relative vapor density	N/D

Particle characteristics

N/D

Supplemental information regarding physical hazard classes

N/D

Further safety characteristics (supplemental)

N/D

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

Reactivity

Reacts with chemically active metals and acids. Certain mixtures of chlorinated solvents may be flammable or reactive under certain conditions. Increased risk of fire or explosion.

Chemical stability

Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated. Pressurized container: may burst if heated.

Possibility of hazardous reactions

None known.

Conditions to avoid

Direct sunlight, extremely high or low temperatures, heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames, incompatible materials, and other ignition sources.

Incompatible materials

Strong acids and alkalis, strong oxidizing agents, chemically active metals (e.g. aluminum, barium, lithium, sodium, magnesium, potassium, titanium, and beryllium), concentrated nitric acid, some plastics, rubbers and coatings.

Hazardous decomposition products

Carbon oxides, chlorine, hydrogen chloride, and phosgene.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

D-LIMONENE

LD50 Oral - Rat - 4,400 mg/kg; Citation: Sigma SDS

LD50 Skin - Rabbit - >5,000 mg/kg; Citation: Sigma SDS

IARC carcinogen; Result: 3 - Group 3: Not classifiable as to its carcinogenicity to humans (D-Limonene)

LC50 - Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow) - 0.72 mg/l - 96 h; Citation: Sigma SDS

EC50 - Daphnia magna (water flea) - 0.36 mg/l - 48 h; Citation: Sigma SDS

OECD Test Guideline 429; Result: May cause sensitisation by skin contact.

Safety Data Sheet

TRICHLOROETHYLENE

LD50 Oral - Rat - 4920 mg/kg

LD50 Skin - Rabbit - > 20,000 mg/kg

LC50 Inhalation - Mouse - 8450 ppm

Skin corrosion/irritation

Contact causes irritation and may cause an allergic skin reaction that includes redness and pain. May cause localized defatting, blistering with prolonged skin contact. May be absorbed through the skin.

Serious eye damage/irritation

Contact causes irritation with stinging, burning, tearing, and redness.

Respiratory or skin sensitization

Symptoms/Injuries After Inhalation: High concentrations may cause central nervous system depression such as dizziness, vomiting, numbness, drowsiness, headache, and similar narcotic symptoms. Inhalation is likely to cause adverse health effects including, but not limited to: irritation, difficulty breathing, and unconsciousness. In elevated concentrations, may cause asphyxiation, central nervous system effects, and increased pulse, mood changes, tremors, cyanosis, muscular weakness, narcosis, numbness of the extremities, unconsciousness and death. This product contains chlorinated solvent material, which is associated with cardiac sensitization following very high exposures or with concurrent exposure to high stress levels or heart-stimulating substances like epinephrine and catecholamines. Careful consideration should be applied preceding administration of epinephrine or similar heart-stimulating substances. Prolonged exposure may cause unconsciousness, heart effects, kidney effects, and death.

Germ cell mutagenicity

TRICHLOROETHYLENE

LD50 Oral - Rat - 4920 mg/kg

LD50 Skin - Rabbit - > 20,000 mg/kg

LC50 Inhalation - Mouse - 8450 ppm

Carcinogenicity

Possible cancer causing agents and overexposure may also include damage to skin, kidneys, liver, dizziness, headache, nausea, mental confusion, visual disturbances, lungs, blood, or central nervous system.

Reproductive toxicity

Not classified.

STOT-single exposure

May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

STOT-repeated exposure

Not classified.

Aspiration hazard

Not classified.

Additional information

Symptoms/Injuries: Harmful if inhaled. Causes serious eye and skin irritation. May cause drowsiness and dizziness. Asphyxia by lack of oxygen: risk of death.

Symptoms/Injuries After Inhalation: High concentrations may cause central nervous system depression such as dizziness, vomiting, numbness, drowsiness, headache, and similar narcotic symptoms. Inhalation is likely to cause adverse health effects including, but not limited to: irritation, difficulty breathing, and unconsciousness. In elevated concentrations, may cause asphyxiation, central nervous system effects, and increased pulse, mood changes, tremors, cyanosis, muscular weakness, narcosis, numbness of the extremities, unconsciousness and death. This product contains chlorinated solvent material, which is associated with cardiac sensitization following very high exposures or

Safety Data Sheet

with concurrent exposure to high stress levels or heart-stimulating substances like epinephrine and catecholamines. Careful consideration should be applied preceding administration of epinephrine or similar heart-stimulating substances.

Symptoms/Injuries After Skin Contact: Contact causes irritation and may cause an allergic skin reaction.

Symptoms/Injuries After Eye Contact: Contact causes irritation with stinging, tearing, and redness.

Chronic Health Hazards: Possible cancer causing agent and overexposure may also include damage to skin, kidneys, liver, dizziness, headache, nausea, mental confusion, visual disturbances, lungs, blood, or central nervous system.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

Toxicity

D-LIMONENE

LD50 Oral - Rat - 4,400 mg/kg; Citation: Sigma SDS

LD50 Skin - Rabbit - >5,000 mg/kg; Citation: Sigma SDS

IARC carcinogen; Result: 3 - Group 3: Not classifiable as to its carcinogenicity to humans (D-Limonene)

LC50 - Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow) - 0.72 mg/l - 96 h; Citation: Sigma SDS

EC50 - Daphnia magna (water flea) - 0.36 mg/l - 48 h; Citation: Sigma SDS

OECD Test Guideline 429; Result: May cause sensitisation by skin contact.

TRICHLOROETHYLENE

LD50 Oral - Rat - 4920 mg/kg

LD50 Skin - Rabbit - > 20,000 mg/kg

LC50 Inhalation - Mouse - 8450 ppm

Persistence and degradability

Component or components of this product are not biodegradable.

Bioaccumulative potential

This product is not expected to bioaccumulate.

Mobility in soil

This product is mobile in soil.

Other adverse effects

Avoid release to the environment. This material is hazardous to aquatic environment.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

Disposal methods

Product disposal

Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local, regional, national, and international regulations. Do not pierce or burn, even after use.

Sewage disposal

Avoid release into the environment. This material is hazardous to the aquatic environment. Keep out of sewers and waterways.

Other disposal recommendations

Container may remain hazardous when empty. Continue to observe all precautions. Do not puncture or incinerate container.

SECTION 14: Transport information

DOT (US)

Safety Data Sheet

UN Number: UN 1950
Class: 2.2 (6.1)
Packing Group: N/A
Proper Shipping Name: Aerosols, Ltd. Qty.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

Safety, health and environmental regulations specific for the product in question

California Prop. 65 components

Chemical name: TRICHLOROETHYLENE
CAS number: 79-01-6
04/01/1988 - Cancer
01/31/2014 - Developmental toxicity
01/31/2014 - Male reproductive toxicity

Canadian Domestic Substances List (DSL)

Chemical name: Ethene, trichloro-
CAS: 79-01-6

Chemical name: Cyclohexene, 1-methyl-4-(1-methylethenyl)-, (R)-
CAS: 5989-27-5

Chemical name: Carbon dioxide
CAS: 124-38-9

Massachusetts Right To Know Components

Chemical name: Trichloroethylene
CAS number: 79-01-6

Chemical name: Cyclohexene, 1-methyl-4-(1-methylethenyl)-, (R)-
CAS: 5989-27-5

New Jersey Right To Know Components

Common name: TRICHLOROETHYLENE
CAS number: 79-01-6

Chemical name: Cyclohexene, 1-methyl-4-(1-methylethenyl)-, (R)-
CAS: 5989-27-5

Common name: CARBON DIOXIDE
CAS number: 124-38-9

Pennsylvania Right To Know Components

Chemical name: Ethene, trichloro-
CAS number: 79-01-6

Chemical name: Cyclohexene, 1-methyl-4-(1-methylethenyl)-, (R)-
CAS: 5989-27-5

Chemical name: Carbon dioxide
CAS number: 124-38-9

Safety Data Sheet

SARA 302 Components

No chemicals in this material are subject to the reporting requirements of SARA Title III, Section 302.

SARA 311/312 Hazards

Fire Hazard, Acute Health Hazard, Chronic Health Hazard

SARA 313 Components

This material does not contain any chemical components with known CAS numbers that exceed the threshold (De Minimis) reporting levels established by SARA Title III, Section 313.

Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory

All chemicals are listed or exempt.

HMIS Rating

Knock It Out Aerosol	
HEALTH	2
FLAMMABILITY	1
PHYSICAL HAZARD	0
PERSONAL PROTECTION	B

NFPA Rating



SECTION 16: Other information

Further information/disclaimer

DISCLAIMER: To the best of our knowledge, information contained herein is accurate. However there is no assumption of liability for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein. Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazard which exists. The information contained in this SDS was obtained from current and reliable sources; however, the data is provided without any warranty, expressed or implied, regarding its correctness or accuracy. Since the conditions of handling, storage and disposal of this product are beyond the control of the manufacturer, the manufacturer will not be responsible for loss, injury, or expense arising out of the products improper use. No warranty, expressed or inferred, regarding the product described in this SDS shall be created or inferred by any statement in this SDS. Various government agencies may have specific regulations regarding the transportation, handling, storage, use, or disposal of this product which may not be covered by this SDS. The user is responsible for full compliance.

Preparation information

Preparation by: Jessica Wilson

Date Prepared: 4-14-2021